

The rechargeable batteries are lead-lead dioxide systems. The dilute sulfuric acid electrolyte is absorbed by separators and plates and thus immobilized. Should the battery be accidentally overcharged producing hydrogen and oxygen, special one-way valves allow the gases to escape thus avoiding excessive pressure build-up. Otherwise, the battery is completely sealed and is, therefore, maintenance-free, leak proof and usable in any position.

**Battery Construction**

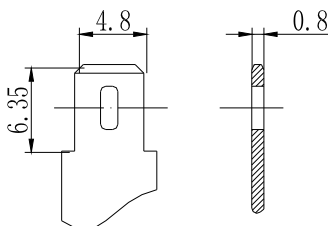
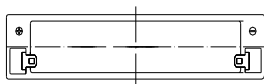
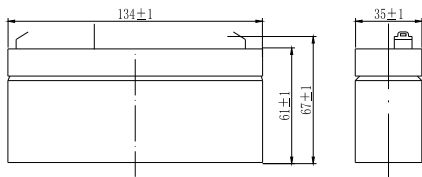
Component	Positive plate	Negative plate	Container	Cover	Safety valve	Terminal	Separator	Electrolyte
Raw material	Lead dioxide	Lead	ABS	ABS	Rubber	Copper	Fiberglass	Sulfuric acid

**General Features**

- Absorbent Glass Mat (AGM) technology for efficient gas recombination of up to 99% and freedom from electrolyte maintenance or water adding.
- Not restricted for air transport-complies with IATA/ICAO Special Provision A67.
- UL-recognized component.
- Can be mounted in any orientation.
- Computer designed lead, calcium tin alloy grid for high power density.
- Long service life, float or cyclic applications.
- Maintenance-free operation.
- Low self discharge.

**Dimensions and Weight**

Length(mm / inch).....134 / 5.28  
 Width(mm / inch).....35 / 1.38  
 Height(mm / inch).....61 / 2.40  
 Total Height(mm / inch).....67 / 2.64  
 Approx. Weight(Kg / lbs).....0.71 / 1.57



**Performance Characteristics**

Nominal Voltage .....6V  
 Number of cell .....3  
 Design Life .....3-5 years  
 Nominal Capacity 77°F(25°C)  
     20 hour rate (0.16A, 5.25V)..... 3.2Ah  
     10 hour rate (0.31A, 5.25V)..... 3.1Ah  
     5 hour rate (0.57A, 5.25V)..... 2.85Ah  
     1 hour rate (2.1A, 4.8V)..... 2.1Ah  
 Internal Resistance  
     Fully Charged battery 77°F(25°C)..... 30mOhms  
 Self-Discharge  
     3% of capacity declined per month at 20°C(average)  
 Operating Temperature Range  
     Discharge ..... -20~60°C  
     Charge ..... -10~60°C  
     Storage ..... -20~60°C  
 Max. Discharge Current 77°F(25°C) .....48A(5s)  
 Short Circuit Current ..... 160A  
 Charge Methods: Constant Voltage Charge 77°F(25°C)  
     Cycle use ..... 7.25-7.45V  
     Maximum charging current ..... 1.28A  
     Temperature compensation ..... -15mV/°C  
     Standby use ..... 6.8-6.9V  
     Temperature compensation ..... -10mV/°C

**Discharge Constant Current (Amperes at 77°F25°C)**

End Point Volts/Cell	5min	10min	15min	30min	1h	3h	5h	10h	20h
1.60V	13.0	8.80	6.10	3.70	2.10	0.89	0.62	0.33	0.17
1.65V	12.3	8.38	5.83	3.55	2.02	0.86	0.60	0.32	0.16
1.70V	11.6	7.94	5.55	3.40	1.94	0.83	0.59	0.32	0.16
1.75V	10.9	7.50	5.26	3.23	1.86	0.80	0.57	0.31	0.16
1.80V	10.2	7.05	4.97	3.06	1.77	0.76	0.55	0.30	0.16

**Discharge Constant Power (Watts at 77°F25°C)**

End Point Volts/Cell	5min	10min	15min	30min	45min	1h	2h	3h	5h
1.60V	23.0	15.3	11.80	7.17	5.33	4.10	2.42	1.81	1.24
1.65V	21.6	14.4	11.20	6.81	8.09	3.93	2.35	1.77	1.22
1.70V	20.2	13.6	10.60	6.44	4.83	3.75	2.27	1.72	1.19
1.75V	18.7	12.7	9.89	6.07	4.57	3.56	2.18	1.67	1.17
1.80V	17.4	11.8	9.24	5.69	4.31	3.37	2.08	1.61	1.14

